



UNITED STAYES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE Patent and Trademark Office

		•		Address : COM!	MISSIONER OF PA Hington, D.C. 2023	TENTS AND TRADEMARKS
	SERIAL NUMBER	FILING DATE FIRE		NAMED INVENTOR	·	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.
,	07/695,682	05/03/91	SOUTHERN		E	07-573317(26
						EXAMINER
					MARSCHEL, A	
	WENDEROTH, LIND & PONACK			18N1		
	SOUTHERN BLI		•		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	805 15TH ST, WASHINGTON,				1807	9
					DATE MAILED:	03/23/ 9 3
	This is a communication from the COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS	e examinor in charge of y S AND TRADEMARKS	rour application.			03/23/93
X	This application has been	examined 🔀	Responsive to comm	nunication filed on 12	-11-92	This action is made final.
· • A	shortened statutory period (Of response to this ar	tion is set to overing	3	8	
Fa	llure to respond within the p	eriod for response wi	il cause the application	n to become abandon	(8), da xd. 35 U.S.C. 13:	ys from the date of this letter.
Pe		,			×. 33 0.3.0, 13.	,
PE			RE PART OF THIS AC	FION:		
, ,	 Notice of Reference Notice of Art Cited Information on How 	by Applicant, PTO-14	140	4. U Notice of I	Patent Drawing, PTC nformal Patent Appl	0-948. Ication, Form PTO-152.
Par	til Summary of Ac	TION				
. :	1. Ø Claims	1-2	3			are pending in the application.
	Of the above				•	are pending in the application. withdrawn from consideration.
	2. Claims					withdrawn from consideration.
	3. [2] Claims	17-20 22	c= / 23			_ have been cancelled.
		16 21	, who 23			_ are allowed.
,	Claims	-10,21			<u> </u>	are rejected.
ų.	S. Claims	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				are objected to.
(Claims			are	subject to restriction	on or election requirement.
	7. This application has	been filed with inform	nal drawings under 37	- C.F.R. 1.85 which are	acceptable for exam	nination purposes.
	L					
٠., (are acceptable	bstitute drawings have In not acceptable (e been received on see explanation or No	tice re Patent Drawing	Under 37 C.F	R. 1.84 these drawings
10	The proposed additi					approved by the

examiner. \square disapproved by the examiner (see explanation).

accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.

been filed in parent application, serial no. ______; filed on ____

11.

The proposed drawing correction, filed on ________ has been approved. disapproved (see explanation).

13. - Since this application appears to be in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in

Art Unit: 1807

Applicant's arguments filed 12/11/92 have been fully considered but they are not deemed to be fully persuasive. Rejections and/or objections not reiterated from previous office actions are hereby withdrawn. The following rejections and/or objections are either newly applied or reiterated. They constitute the complete set presently being applied to the instant application.

Claims 1-16 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 1, line 3, the phrase "a chosen part" is cited. The rejection based on the unclear wording as discussed in the previous office action is reiterated and maintained. Applicant is hereby informed that the amendment filed 12/11/92 has not clarified this wording by amending in the phrase "oligonucleotides comprising". The practice of the word "chosen" still could either be directed to mean a segment of one of the oligonucleotides selected from those in a complete set or the practice of chosing one complete oligonucleotide from said complete set. Alternatively the array immobilized oligonucleotides may be simply different from one cell to another so that chosen versus complete set versus whole oligonucleotides is not a distinction that limits the claim practice. It is expected that all claim compositions are "chosen", for example, as part of an enabled invention. Clarification via further

amendment of the claim wording is requested.

In claim 2, line 6, and in other claims, the word "sequence" is cited as if it was a composition. A "sequence" is a characteristic of a nucleic acid and is not in itself a composition. This basis for vagueness and indefiniteness as discussed in the previous office action but neither responded to nor argued in the response of applicant filed 12/11/92.

What are the metes and bounds of the "pairs" of claim 3, line 2? What characterizes a "pair"?

Claim 21 cites a cell size of between 10 and 100 microns. Since the cells are on a surface, applicants must mean one of the dimensions as a limitation. It is unclear whether applicant means to claim a square shaped cell wherein the claim limitation directed to 10-100 microns is one side of said square.

Alternatively, does applicant mean any irregularly shaped cell where 10-100 microns is the maximum linear dimension? Does applicant wish to claim a circular cell shape where 10-100 microns is the diameter of said cell? Clarification is requested.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. § 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(h) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Art Unit: 1807

Claims 1-3, 6, and 8-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. \$ 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Brigati et al.

This rejection is maintained and reiterated from the previous office action. Applicant has argued this rejection based on first summarizing the invention and then argued a fundamental difference between in-situ hybridization and the instant invention. The Examiner wishes to point out that a narrow reading of the instant specification and claims may be supportive of applicant's position but that examination of claim language is to be inclusive of the broadest reasonable interpretation of claim language. Such reasonable interpretation has been discussed in the previous office action. The fact that Brigati et al. utilizes the immobilized viral nucleic acids as targets does not prevent its function from being the same as the instant invention. The immobilized tissue samples contain surface area portions or "cells" that contain immobilized nucleic acids of different types, e.g. different virus types as listed in the last four lines of the abstract, the same as the instant invention. These types are chosen beforehand by the desire of the practitioner to probe for certain viral types, for example, and operationally chosen by probe hybridization. It is noted that the "cells" on the solid support are irregular in shape in Brigati et al. It is noted that the instant claims do not limit the shape of the claimed cells. The Examiner wishes to emphasize that the interpretation of "cells" in Brigati et al. is directed to surface regions wherein nucleic acid is immobilized. The fact

Art Unit: 1807

that these cell regions are derived from viral particles or possibly living cells from cell culture does not violate the claim language. Applicant additionally argues that the cells in their claim is obviously used in the "mathematical" sense. Such a mathematical sense is not reflected in the claim language. The citation of the word "array" does not cure this problem since there is no instant or art defined definition for "array" that limits it to "squares" or "circles" etc. It may be an irregular array of cells as practiced in Brigati et al. The labeling of instant claim 8 is practiced by Brigati et al. during the hybridization with labeled probe. In summary the rejection is deemed still proper..

Claims 1-4 and 8-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Saiki et al.

This rejection is maintained and reiterated as given in the previous office action. Applicant argues this rejection based on the lack of a complete set disclosure. This is non-persuasive in that nowhere in the instant disclosure is there a "complete set" definition of any kind. Therefore the set used by Saiki et al. is just as good a complete set as virtually any other set of oligonucleotides. Thus the rejection is maintained.

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

On page 20, line 6, the word "positons" appears to be misspelled.

In claim 19, line 9, the word "nucleotidfe" appears to be

misspelled.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claims 17-20, 22, and 23 are allowable because the array of different oligonucleotides covalently attached to the cells of the surface of a solid support is neither taught nor suggested by the prior art of record.

Claims 5, 7, 12-16, and 21 are allowable over the prior art of record for reasons of record.

Papers related to this application may be submitted to Group 180 by facsimile transmission. Papers should be faxed to Group 180 via the PTO Fax Center located in Crystal Mall 1. The faxing of such papers must conform with the notice published in the Official Gazette, 1096 OG 30 (November 15, 1989).

The CM1 Fax Center number is either (703) 308-4227 or (703) 305-3014.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ardin Marschel, Ph.D., whose telephone number is (703) 308-3894.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

dm

A. MARSCHEL: am

March 22, 1993

AMELIA BURGESS YARBROUGH PRIMARY EXAMINER ART UNIT 187 1907